

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of testing an electronic device including first and second semiconductor devices connected to each other with a plurality of bus lines, comprising the steps of:

the first semiconductor device supplying a selected one of the bus lines with a first logical output signal;

the second semiconductor device acquiring a first bus line signal from the selected bus line;

the second semiconductor device inverting the first bus line signal to generate a second logical output signal;

the second semiconductor device transmitting the second logical output signal to the first semiconductor device;

the first semiconductor device receiving a second bus line signal from the selected bus line; and

the first semiconductor device comparing the first logical output signal and the second bus line signal to judge a connection between the first semiconductor device and the second semiconductor device.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the first semiconductor device supplies the selected bus line with the first logical output signal having a first logical value, and supplies the other bus lines with signals each having a second logical value.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the first semiconductor device supplies a first bus line adjacent to a second bus line with the first logical output signal having a first logical value, and supplies the second bus line with a signal having a second logical value.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the first

semiconductor device supplies a first group of the bus lines adjacent to a second group of bus lines with the first logical output signals each having a first logical value, and supplies the second group of the bus lines with signals each having a second logical value.

5 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the steps of supplying the first logical output signal, acquiring the first bus line signal, and generating the second logical output signal are executed using the selected bus line.

10 6. A method of testing an electronic device including first and second semiconductor devices connected to each other with a plurality of bus lines, comprising the steps of:

15 the first semiconductor device supplying a selected one of the bus lines with a first logical output signal;

 the second semiconductor device acquiring a first bus line signal from the selected bus line;

20 after outputting the first logical output signal, the first semiconductor device generating a second logical output signal being an inverted signal of the first logical output signal and supplying the selected bus line with the second logical output signal;

 the second semiconductor device outputting the acquired first bus line signal;

25 the first semiconductor device receiving a second bus line signal from the selected bus line; and

30 the first semiconductor device comparing the first logical output signal and the received second bus line signal to judge a connection between the first semiconductor device and the second semiconductor device.

 7. The method of claim 6, wherein the first

semiconductor device supplies the selected bus line with the first logical output signal having a first logical value, and supplies the other bus lines with signals each having a second logical value.

5 8. The method of claim 6, wherein the first semiconductor device supplies a first bus line adjacent to a second bus line with the first logical output signal having a first logical value, and supplies the second bus line with a signal having a second logical value.

10 9. The method of claim 6, wherein the first semiconductor device supplies a first group of the bus lines adjacent to a second group of the bus lines with the first logical output signals each having a first logical value, and supplies the second group of the bus lines with signals each having a second logical value.

15 10. The method of claim 6, wherein the steps of supplying the first logical output signal, acquiring the first bus line signal, generating the second logical output signal, and outputting the acquired first bus line signal are executed using the selected bus line.

20 11. An electronic device comprising first and second semiconductor devices connected to each other with a plurality of bus lines, wherein the first semiconductor device includes:

25 a first output circuit connected to each bus line for supplying each bus line with a first logical output signal, and

 a comparison circuit connected to each bus line; and

30 the second semiconductor device includes:

an input circuit connected to each bus line for acquiring a first bus line signal, and

5 a second output circuit connected to the input circuit for inverting the first bus line signal to generate a second logical output signal, and supplying a corresponding bus line with the second logical output signal, wherein the comparison circuit receives a second bus line signal and compares the first logical output signal and the second bus line signal to generate a judgement signal regarding a connection between the first semiconductor device and the second semiconductor device.

12. The electronic device of claim 11, wherein the first output circuit corresponding to a selected bus line supplies the selected bus line with the first logical output signal having a first logical value, and the other first output circuits corresponding to the other bus lines supplies the other bus lines with signals having a second logical value.

13. The electronic device of claim 11, wherein the first output circuit corresponding to a first bus line adjacent to a second bus line supplies the first bus line with the first logical output signal having a first logical value, and the first output circuit corresponding to the second bus line supplies the second bus line with a signal having a second logical value.

14. The electronic device of claim 11, wherein a group of first output circuits corresponding to a first group of the bus lines adjacent to a second group of the bus lines supplies the first group of the bus lines with the first logical output signals each having a first logical value, and a second group of the first output circuits

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corresponding to the second group of the bus lines supplies the second group of the bus lines with signals each having a second logical value.

5 15. The electronic device of claim 11, wherein the first output circuit is used in a test mode and a normal operation mode of the first semiconductor device.

10 16. The electronic device of claim 11, wherein the input circuit and the second output circuit are used in a test mode and a normal operation mode of the second semiconductor device.

17. The electronic device of claim 11, wherein the input circuit includes:

a latch circuit that latches the first logical output signal, and

15 a reset circuit connected to the latch circuit, that resets the latch circuit in response to one of the first logical output signal and a command signal.

20 18. An electronic device comprising first and second semiconductor devices connected to each other with a plurality of bus lines, wherein the first semiconductor device includes:

25 a first output circuit connected to each bus line for supplying each bus line with a first logical output signal,

an inversion output circuit connected to each bus line for supplying each bus line with a second logical output signal being an inverted signal of the first logical output signal after the first output circuit supplies the first logical output signal, and

30 a comparison circuit connected to each bus line;

and

the second semiconductor device includes:

an input circuit connected to each bus line for acquiring a first bus line signal, and

5 a second output circuit connected to the input circuit for supplying a corresponding bus line with the first bus line signal, wherein the comparison circuit receives a second bus line signal and compares the first logical output signal and the second bus line signal to generate a judgement signal regarding a connection between the first semiconductor device and the second semiconductor device.

19. The electronic device of claim 18, wherein the first output circuit corresponding to a selected bus line supplies the selected bus line with the first logical output signal having a first logical value, and the other first output circuits corresponding to non-selected bus lines supply the non-selected bus lines with signals each having a second logical value.

20. The electronic device of claim 18, wherein the first output circuit corresponding to a first bus line adjacent to a second bus line supplies the first bus line with the first logical output signal having a first logical value, and the first output circuit corresponding to the second bus line supplies the second bus line with a signal having a second logical value.

21. The electronic device of claim 18, wherein a first group of the first output circuits corresponding to a first group of the bus lines adjacent to a second group of the bus lines supplies the first group of the bus lines with the first logical output signals each having a first logical

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value, and the second group of the first output circuits corresponding to the second group of the bus lines supplies the second group of the bus lines with signals each having a second logical value.

5 22. The electronic device of claim 18, wherein the first output circuit is used in a test mode and a normal operation mode of the first semiconductor device.

10 23. The electronic device of claim 18, wherein the input circuit and the second output circuit are used in a test mode and a normal operation mode of the second semiconductor device.

15 24. A first semiconductor device that judges a connection between the first semiconductor device and a second semiconductor device connected thereto with bus lines, the first semiconductor device comprising:

20 an output circuit connected to each bus line that supplies each bus line with a first logical output signal, wherein the second semiconductor device receives a first bus line signal and supplies a bus line with a second logical output signal being an inverted signal of the first bus line signal; and

25 a comparison circuit connected to each bus line, that receives a second bus line signal and compares the first logical output signal and the second bus line signal to generate a judgement signal regarding the connection between the first semiconductor device and the second semiconductor device.

30 25. A first semiconductor device that judges a connection between the first semiconductor device and a second semiconductor device connected thereto with bus

lines, the first semiconductor device comprising:

an output circuit connected to each bus line that supplies each bus line with a first logical output signal, wherein the second semiconductor device receives a first bus line signal;

an inversion output circuit connected to each bus line that supplies each bus line with a second logical output signal being an inverted signal of the first logical output signal after the output circuit supplying the first logical output signal; and

a comparison circuit connected to each bus line, that receives a second bus line signal and compares the first logical output signal and the second bus line signal to generate a judgement signal regarding the connection between the first semiconductor device and the second semiconductor device.

26. A measured semiconductor device connected to a measuring semiconductor device with bus lines, comprising:

a latch circuit that receives a logical signal supplied from the measuring semiconductor device via one of the bus lines, and

a logical circuit connected to the latch circuit that inverts the latched logical signal to generate an inverted logical signal.

27. The measured semiconductor device of claim 26, wherein the measured semiconductor device further comprises a reset circuit connected to the latch circuit, that resets the latch circuit in response to either the logical signal or a command signal on the bus line.

28. A measured semiconductor device connected to a measuring semiconductor device with bus lines, comprising:

a latch circuit that receives a logical signal supplied from the measuring semiconductor device through a bus line, and

a logical circuit connected to the latch circuit, that outputs the latched logical signal.

29. The measured semiconductor device of claim 28, wherein the measured semiconductor device further comprises a reset circuit connected to the latch circuit, that resets the latch circuit in response to either the logical signal or a command signal on the bus line.

30. A semiconductor device comprising:
input terminals,
output terminals,
an internal circuit,
first bus lines that connect the input terminals and the internal circuit, respectively,
second bus lines that connect the output terminals and the internal circuit, respectively, and
test circuits connected between said input terminals and said output terminals via test signal transmission paths, wherein at least a part of said first bus lines or said second bus lines is shared by said test signal transmission paths.

31. The semiconductor device of claim 30, wherein each of the test circuit includes:

an input logic circuit connected to the input terminals; and

a bus drive circuit connected between the input logic circuit and the second bus line.

32. The semiconductor device of claim 31, wherein the

input logic circuit is physically located close to the input terminals, and the bus drive circuit is physically located close to the second bus line.

5 33. The semiconductor device of claim 31, wherein the bus drive circuit includes:

two PMOS transistors connected in series between a high potential power supply and the second bus line; and

10 two NMOS transistors connected in series between a low potential power supply and the second bus line, and wherein an activation signal of the bus drive circuit is supplied to the gate of the PMOS transistor closing to the high potential power supply and the gate of the NMOS transistor closing to the low potential power supply.

15 34. The semiconductor device of claim 30, further comprising clamp circuits connected to the respective input terminals, that clamp the input terminals to a specific potential.

20 35. The semiconductor device of claim 34, wherein the clamp circuits clamp the input terminals to the specific potential in a test mode, and release the clamp in a normal operation mode.

36. The semiconductor device of claim 34, wherein the clamp circuits are controlled by an activation signal of the test circuit.

25 37. The semiconductor device of claim 34, wherein the clamp circuits include a MOS transistor, and the gate of the MOS transistor is supplied with an inverted signal of the potential level at the corresponding input terminal.

38. The semiconductor device of claim 34, wherein the clamp circuits are controlled by a power-on signal and an activation signal of the test signal.

39. The semiconductor device of claim 34, wherein the clamp circuits are controlled by a power-on signal and a normal mode signal.

40. The semiconductor device of claim 39, wherein the normal mode signal is generated on the basis of detecting an operation conducted when power is turned on.

41. The semiconductor device of claim 40, wherein the operation conducted when the power is turned on includes at least one of a pre-charge operation, a mode setting operation, and a refresh operation.

42. The semiconductor device of Claim 34, wherein each input terminal includes a terminal that receives a chip select signal.

43. The semiconductor device of claim 34, wherein each input terminal includes a terminal that receive a column address strobe signal.

44. The semiconductor device of claim 34, wherein each input terminal includes a terminal that receives a clock enable signal.

45. The semiconductor device of claim 34, wherein the clamp circuits clamp at least one input terminal to an inverted potential level of the specific potential level supplied to the one input terminal when entering the test mode.

46. The semiconductor device of claim 34, wherein the clamp circuit includes a latch circuit that holds the specific potential level when the power is turned on, and the clamp circuit clamps the input terminal to the specific potential level held by the latch circuit.

47. A semiconductor device comprising:
input terminals,
output terminals,
an internal circuit,
test circuits connected between the input terminals and the output terminals, and
clamp circuits connected to the input terminals, that clamp the respective input terminals to a specific potential in a test mode, and release the clamp of the input terminals in a normal operation mode.

48. The semiconductor device of claim 30, further comprising output buffer circuits to receive output signals from said internal circuit in a first operation mode, receive test signals from said test circuits in a second operation mode, and output buffer output signals to said output terminals.